Fracture Management For Wildlife.

Author: Glenda Ralph RVN, RN, physiotherapist

<u>Introductions</u>

The successful management of fractures for wildlife is multifactorial and dependent on;

- early detection and timely assessment
- treatment by a veterinary surgeon
- post treatment care, management, planning and follow-up with the veterinary surgeon —essential
- respectful and good communication between the veterinary surgeon and the wildlife carer (s)

Fracture Management

- Classifications of fractures
- 'Common' fractures in mammals, birds and reptiles
- Complications such as haemorrhage, non-union, re-fracture, infection, pressure areas, soft tissue damage, stress and myopathy.
- Treatment options surgical and non-surgical options
- Pain management- is ESSENTIAL
- Rehabilitation

Other treatments

- physiotherapy, laser, splinting and different types of dressings
- infection cleaning/debridement, bacterial culture, antibiotics
- comorbidities dehydration, medical illnesses, psychological/social